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UNITED SHOE MACHINERY MEN ARE HELD

RECIPROCITY IS THE ONLY ISSUE IN CAMPAIGN IN CANADA

The Voters Are Divided for or Against It and It Will Be Won or Lost at the Ballotting This Week.

CONSERVATIVES ARE FIGHTING FOR SEATS

(By Evening Herald A. P. Leased Wire)

St. John, Sept. 19.—Final rallies in the various constituencies this week close the parliamentary campaign in this section, where the Liberals are fighting to hold the eleven seats which they occupied in the last house of commons, and to capture from the opposition the other two—St. John and York south—which make up the districts to which the province is entitled. They are predicting that they will come out in the contest with 12 representatives, but admit some losing York south where at the last election St. John Conservatives defeated by less than 1,000 votes. The government workers are hopeful that Hon. William Phillips, minister of public works, will carry with him James Lessell as the candidate number.

On the other hand the Conservatives say they will gain several seats in the provinces and win York south, York west, and perhaps defeat Phillips himself.

The campaign for the last seven weeks has been intense, particularly towards the close, and passed to record heights shown by the election of a practically all-recruited, or untrained, and the trade agreement has been presented to all possible agents.

The polls will open at 8 a.m. and close at 4 p.m. and two hours afterwards there will be a day adjournment of the result in the eastern provinces.

Complaints made to the department of justice against the United Shoe Machinery company—the so-called "shoe machinery trust"—brought the attention of the government to the case.

It is understood that the corporation was charged with being a monopoly in restraint of trade. Infringements upon the patent laws were also alleged, it is said.

Prompt action on the part of the government followed the receipt of the complaints. In April, a few weeks after they had been filed, William G. Gregg, special assistant to United States Attorney General Wickesham, began a government probe. Special Agents George E. Kolthoff and James L. Rennett assisted Mr. Gregg in his search for evidence.

The result of the work of these government officials was that on July 26 of this year Attorney General Wickesham ordered United States Attorney Asa P. French and Mr. Gregg to present evidence obtained to the federal grand jury that reported today.

The United Shoe Machinery company came into being in 1889. It was founded by Sydney S. Winslow, its present head, who learned shoemaking in a small factory in Salem, Mass., owned by his father, who to secure advantages of combining all interests formed a corporation embracing the three leading companies then making shoe machinery, and the Goodyear Sewing Machine company consolidated. The McKay Lasting Company and the McKay Shoe Machinery company were consolidated. The company was reorganized in 1905 and subsequently 200 other companies going up in Canada, Great Britain, France and Germany. That same year the manufacturing of all its shoe machinery was concentrated in one large factory in Boston, Mass. The United States Shoe Machinery company now employs 6,000 hands, who turn out 20,000,000 shoe machines yearly.

The royalty system in which the corporation divides its machines allows a shoe manufacturer to lease machines, paying rentals in royalties on every shoe made. A manufacturer may buy machinery if he gets it from the United States Shoe Machinery company, providing he buys his "findings"—such as wire, nels and others—from the company.

It is claimed that the royalty paid the United company is about 2.2 cents per pair of shoes.

Last year the company brought suit against Thomas G. Plant, a Boston shoe manufacturer, charging patent infringements. Plant sold out all shoe machinery plant and patent rights to the United company after a bitter fight.

A few months later an independent company—the Resinabean Shoe Machinery company of Lynn, Mass., was also purchased by the United company.

The next important happening in the life of the United States Shoe Machinery company was the unexpected government probe. The special grand jury was called August 1. Government agents stated before serving subpoenae that the question of leases would be a vital question for the grand jury to consider. The

Prominent Figures in Industrial World Indicted By the United States Grand Jury for Restraint of Trade.

SHERMAN ACT AGAIN IS WEAPON USED

Penalty Provided for Each Offense Is \$5,000 or Imprisonment for One Year or Both; Pleas Not Entered.

(By Evening Herald A. P. Leased Wire)

Boston, Sept. 19.—Two more indictments were returned today by the federal grand jury against five officials and 21 large stockholders of the United Shoe Machinery company. The indictments allow committee to restrain of trade under the Sherman act.

The officials indicted are: Sydney S. Winslow, president; Edward P. Park of Newton, vice-president, assistant treasurer, director and member of the executive committee; Geo. W. Brown of Newton, vice-president, member of the executive committee and director; William H. Barber of New York, vice-president, member of the executive committee and director; and James J. Storck, the largest stockholder and formerly a member of the executive committee and director.

The penalty provided under the statute is a fine of \$5,000 or imprisonment for one year or both. The six defendants did not appear today but probably will plead within the next ten days.

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SELF-LABELED



The Mourning Acrobat Blanks Its Own Eye.

MEXICO IS WARNED THAT AMERICANS MUST BE GIVEN PROTECTION

POWDER TRUST SUED FOR FIVE MILLION DOLLARS BY THE BUCKEYE

U.S. SUPREME COURT HAS A DIFFICULT JOB AHEAD OF IT NOW

No More Raids on Ranchers Such as Occurred Recently Will Be Permitted by This Government Is Ultimatum.

(By Evening Herald A. P. Leased Wire)

Washington, Sept. 19.—The administration along the Mexican border is firmly watched today by the United States government. If the raids of yesterday on American farms and ranches by irresponsible bands are repeated and the border troops at Texas endangered, the war department will adopt measures of protection. There are points of refuge in the vicinity of the border to meet any emergency. In addition to the soldiers stationed in the department of Texas there is a reinforced brigade at San Antonio, a regiment at El Paso, N. M., and another regiment at Fort Huachuca, Ariz.

Washington, D. C., Sept. 19.—No lenient thoroughness familiar with military conditions demands at War stations contemplates visiting patrols nearly every army post in the country. Lt. General Wood, chief of staff, and Captain Frank R. Morris of the general staff will meet in Pittsburgh tonight for their tour which will include Fort Apache, Whitehorse, Fort Huachuca, and Fort Huachuca, Arizona, and probably Fort Riley and Leavenworth, Kansas.

General Wood and Secretary Stimson probably will tour the middle west, northwest and Pacific coast before next summer.

(By Evening Herald A. P. Leased Wire)

Phoenix, Ariz., Sept. 19.—Travel staved by a chase of more than 100 miles, Deputy Sheriffs Jeff Adams and Lew Mickey, relatives of Phoenix last night with three alleged horse thieves in custody. The men were captured after a hard fight in which one of the thieves was wounded. Two of the others succeeded in escaping. The deputies followed the trail from a ranch near Phoenix to Walnut Grove, where the fight occurred. The men arrested are Manuel Arceo, Gregory Granville and Jesus Morales.

(By Evening Herald A. P. Leased Wire)

Long Beach, Calif., Sept. 19.—Deputy Sheriffs Jeff Adams and Lew Mickey, relatives of Phoenix last night with three alleged horse thieves in custody. The men were captured after a hard fight in which one of the thieves was wounded. Two of the others succeeded in escaping. The deputies followed the trail from a ranch near Phoenix to Walnut Grove, where the fight occurred. The men arrested are Manuel Arceo, Gregory Granville and Jesus Morales.

(By Evening Herald A. P. Leased Wire)

Excavators for School of Archaeology Find Relics That May Be of Vast Importance to Students.

(By Evening Herald A. P. Leased Wire)

South F. N. M., Sept. 19.—F. W. Dodge, chief of the Bureau of American ethnology, and Director Edward L. Hargrave of the school of American archaeology at Santa Fe, today reported important discoveries in the excavation of the large prehistoric site of Anasazi on the Jemez River, 40 miles west of Santa Fe. The site, 10 miles north of Abiquiu, was destroyed by the Indians in 1822. Besides large quantities of ancient material, pottery and bone implements, the most important discovery were 24 Venetian beads in a grave that was examined.

The ancient city is fifteen hundred feet above the canyon bed and within sight of the Jemez mission church, which is one hundred and fifty years older than the oldest mission church in California.

(By Evening Herald A. P. Leased Wire)

Harrisburg, Pa., Sept. 19.—Paul Peck, the young Washington aviator, fell eighty feet into a creek while making an exhibition flight near this city today. Peck was on what was to have been a flight over the city from a park. His back was slightly injured.

THESE ARE FACTS

The attempts to make it appear that Mr. Gillemeyer was unfairly treated as chairman of the Republican county committee have failed so completely that the Journal-Democrat is now resorting to misstatements in an effort to deceive the voters. Here are the facts:

At the meeting of the committee when Gillemeyer was unseated, there were present the original committee of 33 named by the last county convention in 1908. Twenty-one members voted to unseat Gillemeyer and five walked out.

Of the twenty-one who then voted for Judge Mann as chairman, two died since, and two resigned to Judge Mann, acknowledging him as chairman.

Judge Mann as the legally elected chairman of that committee filled the vacancies caused by death and of the two who resigned to him.

These are the plain, cold, hard facts and the Journal-Democrat's attempts to distort the truth will not change the record.

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